## **Bayonet Rush**

NS General Status Rank: Secure **GRASS-LIKE: GRAMINOIDS** 

POPULATION RANGE

> Distribution: NS, NB, PE, NL, ON Flowering: June - September

SIZE: Up to 150 cm tall. LEAVES: Typically one stiffly erect hollow cylindrical leaf, 50-70 cm long that attaches near the middle of the stem and appears like a continuation of the stem. It is often much taller than the top of the flowers and there are many noticeable partitions (septa) along its length. Plants also produce clumps of underwater leaves which are long and hair-like.

STEM: Round, erect, and 30-120 cm tall. Stem bases often turn reddish later in the season.

## FLOWERS:

Highly branched Flower head cluster of flowers Hollow cylindrical (inflorescence) leaf 1-7 cm long, with 50 or more flower heads that each contain several small flowers. FRUITS: Capsules that are typically 2 to 3 mm long and Underwater contain a hair-like large number leaves of small seeds. **NOTES:** This plant grows from underwater roots that run along the surface of the substrate (rhizomes). Rhizome It often grows in large patches.

FASSET1



Growing in the water along the shore © ALAIN BELLIVEAU





Flowers in full bloom

## Habitat:

In open water along lake edges, typically on peaty, muddy or sandy bottoms.

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Interesting point: Some species of rushes have been used traditionally to weave baskets. Similar species: Canada Rush (Juncus canadensis) is shorter (to I m), does not typically grow in open water, has fewer flowers overall and does not turn reddish at the base. Twig Rush (Cladium mariscoides) is shorter (to I m), has a smaller branched cluster of flowers (inflorescence) with fewer flower heads and does not have a tall erect leaf that greatly surpasses the flowers.



Mature fruit capsules

Immature fruit capsules © MEGAN

of stem

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